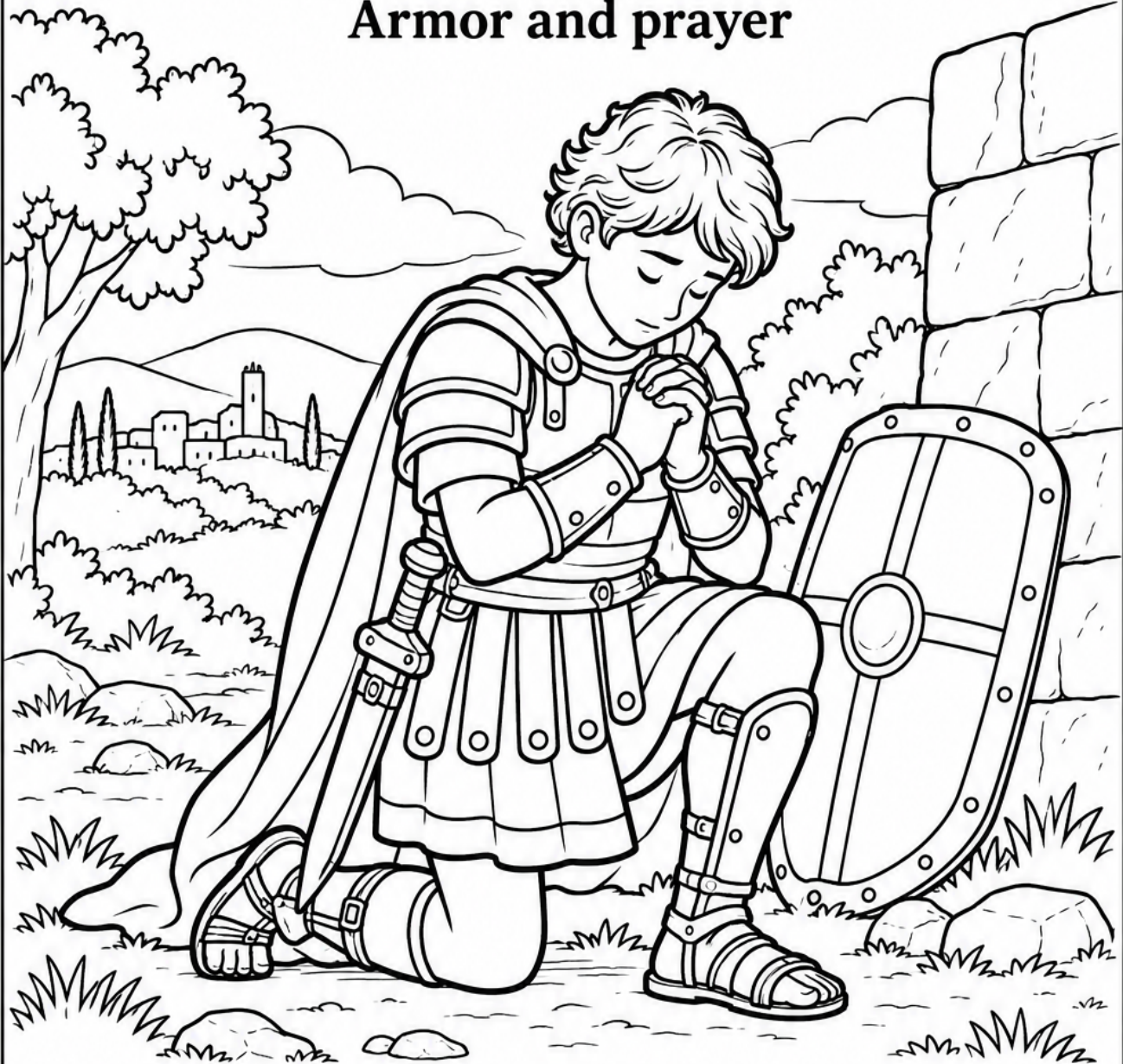


Freedom & Armor of God

Armor and prayer



Believers are to keep praying while wearing God's armor.

Ephesians 6:13-18

THINK ABOUT THE STORY

What should believers keep doing while wearing God's armor?

Freedom & Armor of God

Galatians & Ephesians

Name _____ Date _____

Read & think

READ IN ORDER

1. Galatians 1-6

2. Ephesians 1-6

MAIN POINTS

- Paul taught faith in Jesus Christ, not works of the law, as the way a person is justified (Galatians 2:16).
- People who belong to Christ are one and are heirs of God's promise (Galatians 3:26-29).
- Christ gives freedom for loving service, and the Spirit grows good fruit in us (Galatians 5:13-23).
- God saves by grace through faith and makes people in Christ for good works (Ephesians 2:8-10).
- Believers grow together by truth, love, kindness, and forgiveness (Ephesians 4:15-16, 32).
- God gives armor and prayer so believers can stand (Ephesians 6:10-18).

THINGS TO THINK ABOUT

1. What happened when believers heard that Paul now preached the faith?

Ephesians 2:8-9

2. How does Ephesians 2:8-9 say God saves people?

Galatians 5:22-23

3. God saves by grace and makes people in Christ for good works. What loving good work can you do to say thank you (Ephesians 2:8-10)?

Ephesians 2:8-10

MEMORY VERSE / Ephesians 6:10-11

Paul's closing exhortation begins with strength in the Lord, then explains the need to stand against spiritual wickedness with God's whole armor and persevering prayer (Ephesians 6:10-18).

WEB

Finally, be strong in the Lord and in the strength of his might. Put on the whole armor of God, that you may be able to stand against the wiles of the devil.

KJV

Finally, my brethren, be strong in the Lord, and in the power of his might. Put on the whole armour of God, that ye may be able to stand against the wiles of the devil.

Freedom & Armor of God

Galatians & Ephesians

Name _____ Date _____

Notes

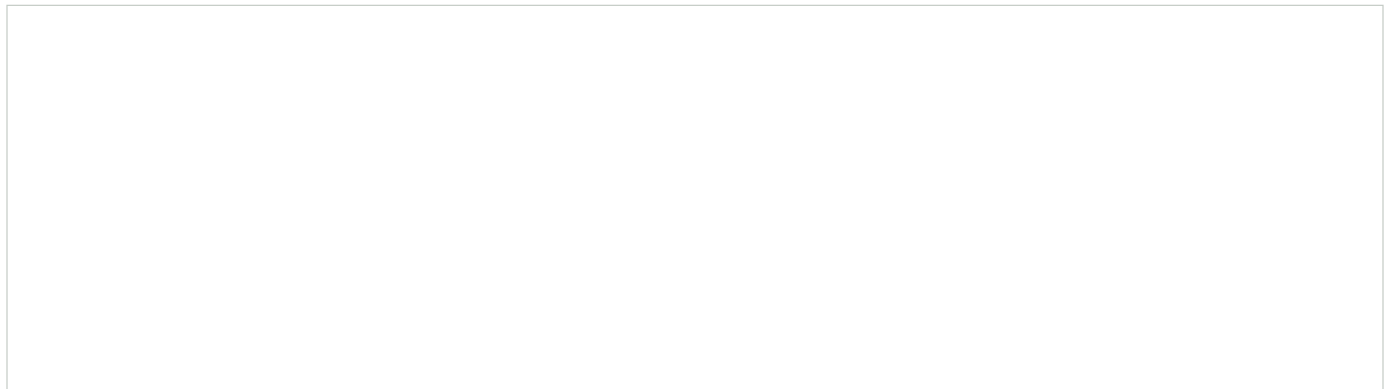
Waymark 91 / Younger children

Main verse _____ Bonus verse(s) _____

Passage or verse _____

WHAT I NOTICED

DRAW SOMETHING YOU WANT TO REMEMBER



ONE THING I WANT TO TRY

Freedom & Armor of God

Galatians & Ephesians

Name _____ Date _____

Read & think

READ IN ORDER

1. Galatians 1-6

2. Ephesians 1-6

MAIN POINTS

- Paul traces his gospel to revelation from Jesus Christ and denies that works of the law justify any flesh (Galatians 1:11-12; 2:15-21).
- The law came after God's promise and served as a schoolmaster until Christ; those in Christ are one and heirs (Galatians 3:15-29; 4:4-7).
- Liberty is not an excuse for the flesh but a call to loving service, Spirit-led fruit, gentle restoration, and persistent good (Galatians 5:13-26; 6:1-10).
- Grace through faith excludes boasting, creates believers for good works, and reconciles Jews and Gentiles in one body (Ephesians 2:1-22; 3:4-6).
- Christian maturity connects unity and shared gifts with renewed actions, edifying speech, forgiveness, love, light, and wisdom (Ephesians 4:1-32; 5:1-21).
- The armor passage repeatedly calls believers to stand and joins every piece with persevering prayer (Ephesians 6:10-20).

THINGS TO THINK ABOUT

1. What temporary role did the law have before faith came?

Ephesians 2:8-9

2. What did Christ do about the division between Jew and Gentile?

Galatians 5:22-23

3. Ephesians puts grace before good works, and Galatians turns freedom toward loving service. What is one good action you can take as a response to grace rather than an attempt to earn it (Ephesians 2:8-10; Galatians 5:13-14)?

Ephesians 2:8-10

MEMORY VERSE / Ephesians 2:10

This statement follows salvation by grace through faith apart from boasting and describes the good works for which believers are created in Christ Jesus (Ephesians 2:8-10).

WEB

For we are his workmanship, created in Christ Jesus for good works, which God prepared before that we would walk in them.

KJV

For we are his workmanship, created in Christ Jesus unto good works, which God hath before ordained that we should walk in them.

Freedom & Armor of God

Galatians & Ephesians
Name _____ Date _____

Notes

Waymark 91 / Preteen

Main verse _____ Bonus verse(s) _____

Passage or verse _____

NOTES

ONE THING TO PUT INTO PRACTICE

PRAYER

Freedom & Armor of God

Galatians & Ephesians

Name _____ Date _____

Read & think

READ IN ORDER

1. Galatians 1-6

2. Ephesians 1-6

MAIN POINTS

- Paul's source claim for the gospel and his confrontation with Peter support his repeated argument that justification is by faith in Jesus Christ rather than works of the law (Galatians 1:11-12; 2:11-21).
- The Abraham argument distinguishes prior promise from later law, gives the law a schoolmaster role until Christ, and identifies those in Christ as one and as heirs (Galatians 3:6-29; 4:4-7).
- Christ-given liberty is directed into faith working by love, Spirit-led character, gentle restoration, burden bearing, and unwearied good (Galatians 5:1-26; 6:1-10).
- Salvation by grace through faith excludes human boasting while leading to prepared good works and one reconciled body of Jews and Gentiles (Ephesians 2:1-22; 3:4-6).
- The worthy walk joins doctrinal unity and shared ministry with maturity, renewed conduct, useful speech, forgiveness, love, light, wisdom, and thanksgiving (Ephesians 4:1-32; 5:1-21).
- Spiritual opposition is met by standing in God's armor and praying with perseverance for all saints and bold gospel speech (Ephesians 6:10-20).

THINGS TO THINK ABOUT

1. What makes the truth of the gospel important enough for Paul to warn the Galatians and correct Peter's conduct (Galatians 1:6-12; 2:11-16)?

Galatians 1:6-12

2. How does Galatians 3:15-29 distinguish God's promise, the later law, the coming of faith, and the heirship of those in Christ?

Galatians 3:15-29

3. Salvation by grace through faith excludes boasting, yet God creates believers for good works and calls the free to serve through love. How can gratitude rather than self-earning reshape one responsibility this week (Ephesians 2:8-10; Galatians 5:13-14)?

Ephesians 2:8-10

MEMORY VERSE / Galatians 5:22-23

Paul contrasts the works of the flesh with the Spirit's fruit, then calls those who live in the Spirit to walk in the Spirit without provoking or envying one another (Galatians 5:16-26).

WEB

But the fruit of the Spirit is love, joy, peace, patience, kindness, goodness, faith, gentleness, and self-control. Against such things there is no law.

KJV

But the fruit of the Spirit is love, joy, peace, longsuffering, gentleness, goodness, faith, Meekness, temperance: against such there is no law.

Freedom & Armor of God

Galatians & Ephesians
Name _____ Date _____

Notes

Waymark 91 / Teen

Main verse _____ Bonus verse(s) _____

Passage or verse _____

NOTES

ONE THING TO PUT INTO PRACTICE

PRAYER

Freedom & Armor of God

Galatians & Ephesians

Name _____ Date _____

Read & think

READ IN ORDER

1. Galatians 1-6

2. Ephesians 1-6

MAIN POINTS

- Paul grounds his gospel in revelation from Jesus Christ, tests conduct against its truth at Antioch, and repeatedly denies that works of the law justify any flesh (Galatians 1:11-12; 2:3-21).
- The promise-law argument preserves the priority of God's promise, assigns the law a later schoolmaster role until Christ, and culminates in unity, sonship, and heirship in Christ (Galatians 3:6-29; 4:1-7).
- Liberty in Galatians is neither circumcision-based justification nor fleshly license; it is faith working by love, service of neighbor, life by the Spirit, restoration, burden bearing, and persevering good (Galatians 5:1-26; 6:1-10).
- Ephesians places salvation by grace through faith before created good works and joins that movement to Christ's reconciliation of Jews and Gentiles in one body and one household (Ephesians 2:1-22; 3:4-6).
- A worthy walk integrates sevenfold unity, diverse gifts, corporate maturity, renewed conduct, edifying speech, forgiveness, love, light, wisdom, Spirit-filled worship, thanksgiving, and submission (Ephesians 4:1-32; 5:1-21).
- The armor passage frames standing as dependence on the Lord's might, truth, righteousness, gospel peace, faith, salvation, the Spirit's word, and persevering prayer for all saints and bold witness (Ephesians 6:10-20).

THINGS TO THINK ABOUT

1. What makes the truth of the gospel important enough for Paul to warn the Galatians and correct Peter's conduct (Galatians 1:6-12; 2:11-16)?

Galatians 1:6-12

2. How does Galatians 3:15-29 distinguish God's promise, the later law, the coming of faith, and the heirship of those in Christ?

Galatians 3:15-29

3. Paul excludes works as the ground for boasting, then names prepared good works and liberty expressed through loving service. Where might you be trying to earn acceptance, and what faithful action could become a grateful response to grace instead (Ephesians 2:8-10; Galatians 5:5-14)?

Ephesians 2:8-10

MEMORY VERSE / Ephesians 2:8-9

Paul places this statement after describing God's mercy in making people alive with Christ and before describing believers as God's workmanship created in Christ for good works (Ephesians 2:1-10).

WEB

for by grace you have been saved through faith, and that not of yourselves; it is the gift of God, not of works, that no one would boast.

KJV

For by grace are ye saved through faith; and that not of yourselves: it is the gift of God: Not of works, lest any man should boast.

Freedom & Armor of God

Galatians & Ephesians
Name _____ Date _____

Notes

Waymark 91 / Adult

Main verse _____ Bonus verse(s) _____

Passage or verse _____

NOTES

ONE THING TO PUT INTO PRACTICE

PRAYER
